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· Caught with his pants down is Jonathan Welsh in the tasteless All in Good Taste

the ugliest, smallest genitals in the Western world, receding down a confining corridor while female laughter rings cruelly on the soundtrack. It is the closest thing the movie has to an emotional centre and is, I think, the true colour of Kramreither's obsession. He ought to gaze at it more closely; maybe he'll be inspired to do for the human form what Edward D. Wood did for the pink angora sweater.

It's possible these problems will disappear in future works – the money one seems especially likely to get a fast cure – and Tony Kramreither will go on to produce a work that, again in Hoberman's words, "projects a stupidity as fully awesome as genius." If he does, we may be in for a Kramreither cult. If so, a word of warning is in order.

Watching anti-art is not like watching the ordinary bad movie. It has a very real consciousness-distorting power that is not unlike that ascribed by William Burroughs to heroin and that has never been better described than by St. Anselm of Ghent, the 15th-century mystic who wrote of the experience of extended flagellation : "... then did Creation reveal an other face. The wall before mine eye did become as stones apart and unjoined each from the other, though none I knew had moved. And all sound, however sweet before, was now as many voices of men raised in anger in an unknown tongue. Sickened I was, yet not sickened, for this other, cruel, Creation did benumb me with the weight of its horrors and so did protect me from full and destroying apprehension of them. And this other face of Creation did stay before mine eye even after the scourge had ceased its blows for several hours." (Bryden's

Lives of the Saints, Oxford University Press, 1958)

Do you really want to do that to yourself?

Andrew Dowler •

#### ALL IN GOOD TASTE

p./d. Anthony Kramreither sc. Rick Green, Anthony Kramreither sc. sup. Don Cullen, Roy Wordsworth d.o.p. Dennis Miller p. man. Fraser McAninch assoc. p. &/ed. Robert C. Diez d'Aux 1st. asst. d. Robert Appelbe asst. to the p. Shelby Gregory continuity Tannis Baker 2nd asst. d. Fiona Paterson 3rd asst. d/2nd asst. ed. Joel Green p. sec. Janis Diez d'Aux p. acct. Murray Silver make-up Carmen Miller gaffer John Herzog film process Film House ed. Quinn Sound unit publicist Linda Shapiro pr David Novek Assoc. Inc. p.c. Manesco Films Ltd. dist. Pan Canadian running time : 90 min. colour 35mm Lp. Jonathan Welsh, Jo-Anne Clark, Harvey Atkin, James B. Douglas, Linda Renhoffer, Patti Oatman, Jack Anthony, Don Cullen, Nancy Kerr. Gary. David, Rummy Bishop, Kathy Michael McGlynn, Mary Piric. Cathy Gallant, John Kozak, John Davies, Stan Lesk, Richard Ayres, Carl Alberton, Rebecca Lynn Novak, Matsu Anderson, Charlotte

## Stuart Cooper's The Disappearance

Nearly six years after it was originally to have been released, Garth Drabinsky's first production. *The Disappearance*, finally made it onto Canadian screens and almost simultaneously went to pay-TV. When a film has been that long on the shelf, the natural reaction, given the recent history of Canadian cinema, is to suspect a work of dubious merit. However, when compared to some of the "lost" films made in 1979-1980, this 1977 production is not without interest, though it must, in all honesty, be called a failure.

Two notable cinema stylists loom large in the background of this picture. The dark narrative, fractured by numerous flashbacks, calls to mind the work of Nicolas Roeg, and not without reason. In addition to the presense of Donald Sutherland in the lead role – he appeared in Roeg's Don't Look Now – the script is by Paul Mayersberg, who also wrote for Roeg The Man Who Fell To Earth.

Similarly, John Alcott's photography, aided by Anne Pritchard's production design, clearly suggests the work he has done for Stanley Kubrick. The Canadian sections of the film, shot in and around Habitat and Man and His World in Montreal during the winter, show the influence of *A Clockwork Orange* in its functional, sterile settings. The British segment, meanwhile, with its setpiece in a converted Elizabethan coach house and an adjoining greenhouse, has some of the lushness and decadence (though not the dim smoky lighting) of Barry Lyndon.

There is, however, something clearly wrong in what purports to be a thriller if these technical matters are the best aspects of the film. To be sure, director Stuart Cooper does not go as far as the British commercial directors such as Alan Parker, Ridley Scott, Adrian Lyne and Hugh Hudson, who have tended to subordinate plot almost totally to technique, but *The Disappearance* is clearly heading that way. For it is the story, and the inability of the filmmakers to convincingly execute it, that has kept the film in storage for so long.

Donald Sutherland plays Jay Mallory, a professional assassin, whose employers (the "Office") use an international advertising agency as a front. Mallory has been resisting a new assignment, because he is trying to find what has become of his Québécoise wife Celandine (Francine Racette), who has suddenly disappeared. He eventually accepts the assignment, but only so that he can go to England to confront Roland Deverell (Christopher Plummer), for whom he suspects Celandine has left him. From his contact Atkinson (John Hurt), he discovers that Deverell is also his target, but because of his personal involvement finds himself reluctant to complete the contract.

The problem with the film lies here. While the hit man is a staple of the macho side of mystery fiction, he has not been too successful as a film protagonist, as such action heavyweights as Clint Eastwood (The Eiger Sanction) and Charles Bronson (The Mechanic) have found out. Donald Sutherland plays Mallory so coldly that there is no chance that the audience can find any sympathy with him. He is not a big enough name in the marketplace that the film could be piggy-backed on a more popular or sympathetic performance such as Ordinary People or Threshold, as both the American and Canadian distributors attempted. The only noteworthy aspect of the role is that, in retrospect, Sutherland's performance becomes a dry run for his role in Eye of the Needle, right down to the tweed suit, mustache and haircut.

The alternative to concentrating on Mallory's character would have been to treat the film in terms of the violent but passionate relationship between Mallory and Celandine, as seen through the Roegian flashbacks. But Francine Racette, in spite of her personal relationship with Donald Sutherland, is just inadequate for the role, which ends up as an amalgam of the worst aspects of Carole Laure and Geneviève Bujold. Moreover, in re-editing the film, Fima Noveck. who already had shown in his work on Suzanne and Circle of Two that he prefers simple plotting, has cut the flashbacks to such a degree that they have little impact and give none of the psychological insights into the characters that is the raison d'être for the device in the first place. All the secondary characters, most notably co-producer David Hemmings as Celandine's first husband, are reduced to little more than walkons

The failure of *The Disappearance* taught Garth Drabinsky some lessons, so that when he made *The Silent Partner* he was in a position to ensure distribution through his own company. By the time he made *The Changeling*, he had



No sympathy for the hit-man : Donald Sutherland and real-life wife in The Disappearance

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his own theatres as well. But, in spite of his entrepreneurial skills, none of his films have been able to reconcile commercial and artistic aspirations. Like *The Disappearance* and more than a few other Canadian films, the full potential remains untapped.

#### J. Paul Costabile ●

THE DISAPPEARANCE d. Stuart Coope p. David Hemmings (U.K.), Gerry Arbeid (Canada) exec. p. Garth H. Drabinsky, James Mitchell (Canada) da) p. exec. Gavrick Losey (U.K.) asst. d. Terry Marcel, David Wimbury, Ian Whyte (U.K.), Tony Thatcher, Ken Goch, John Caradonna (Canada) s Paul Mayersberg, from the novel Echoes of Celandine by Derek Marlowe cost. Monique Champagne d.o.p. John Alcott cam. op. James Devis add. photog. Monianne sd. camera Bill Baringer ed. Fric Boyd-Perkins (original version), Fima Noveck d version) creative consultants Niko Elmaleh, Mel Maron sd. rec. Robin Gregory boom Norman Mercier, Terry Sherrett sd. ed. Alain Beil sd. efx. ed. Chris Greenham re-rec. Gerry Humphreys music Robert Farmon (original version) Craig Hundley (revised version) p. des. Anne Pritchard art d. Glenn Bydwell, Brian Thomas p. man. Garth Thomas (U.K.) Bob Presner (Canada) loc. man. Richard Green (U.K.) Duane Howard (Canada) key grips Tony Gundrie, John Daust visual efx. Dick Hewitt, Alan Whibley firearms handler Joe Elsner cost, Milena Canonero ward, Tom Dickinson makeup Anthony Clavet titles Trevor Bond p. asst. Sally Shewring (U.K.), Carlos Ferrand, Jon Goodwill, Terry Last, Josh Nevsky, Bill Smith (Cana-da) p.c. Trofar (London), Tiberius Film Productions real) 1977. Color Eastmancolor, 35 mm. runiMe ning time 102 minutes (original version) 84 minute (revised version) dist. Pan-Canadian I.p. Donald Sutherland, Francine Racette, David Hemmings, John Hurt, David Warner, Christopher Plummer, Virginia McKenna, Peter Bowles, Michelle Magny, Duane Howard, Christina Greatrex, Robin Sachs, Maureen Beck, Norman Ensley, Patricia Hodge, Mark Cognan, Robert Korne, Dick Irwin, Danny Gallivan

# Atom Egoyan's **Open House**

Combining linear narrative plotting with experimental filmmaking techniques is a dangerous game. Like walking on a greased tightrope, at any moment you may slip off. Atom Egoyan's short film *Open House* is on that tightrope, and the only reason it does not fall into the abyss is due solely to Egoyan's maturing as a filmmaker.

The tightrope almost gets the better of Egoyan on many occasions, but his combination of linearity with experimentalism is logical for the story he wishes to tell. His use of highly stylized camera movement is *bona fide* experimental cinema, but Egoyan uses it very effectively to give the audience some much-needed information.

The story he tells is paper thin, and

like Egoyan's most recent 16 mm shorts (the badly flawed After Grad With Dad and the obscure Peepshow), the unspoken, unseen motivations of his characters are everything. Frank (Ross Fraser), a seemingly incompetent real estate agent, is taking a young married couple (Michael and Maureen, played by Michael Marshall and Sharon Cavanaugh) to see a dilapidated home in downtown Toronto. It is obvious from the beginning that Frank is not going to sell the house/and at the end he does not.

This slight story is not what concerns Egoyan. He uses this framework to drape a cast of characters who not only cannot communicate with one another, but there is aggression and hostility hidden just below the surface of each conversation. Open hostility is revealed only once when a man (played by Bruce Bell in a funny/scary cameo) chastises Frank for almost running him over. "You know why you're a stranger?" the man yells through Frank's car window. "It's because you're strange."

A theme Egoyan has used ineffectually before, but is picked up ingeniously in *Open House*, is subjective reality. Subjective reality fascinates Egoyan and it forms the core for this film. The young couple, when apart, spin different tales of what each other does for a living; Frank hides under a half dozen facades; and the owners of the house are convinced their home used to be a castle. The audience is never told what is realing and what is imagined reality. That is the beauty and the flaw of *Open House*.

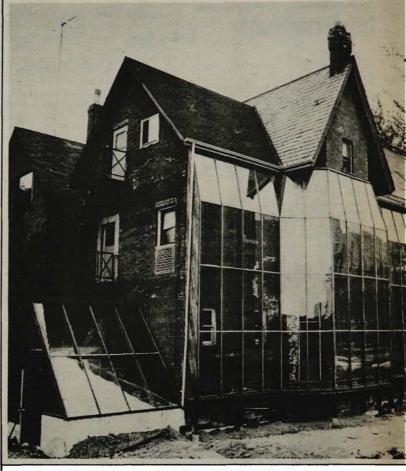
In his attempt to be subtle Egoyan almost loses his audience. In fact, at the critical moment he will lose an inattentive gaudience. The justification for Frank's fapeculiar behaviour and incompetence is on the screen, but if you are not paying attention you will miss it. Being too obscure is as inexcusable as being too obvious. At times *Open House* is too obscure.

Atom Egoyan has learned much in the last three years. With each successive film he demonstrates a firmer understanding of the filmmaking process and to what limits he can push it. Thus, even with its flaws, *Open House* is a smooth and logical progression that leads to his next and more ambitious film.

#### David Churchill

OPEN HOUSE p./d./sc. Atom Egoyan d.o.p. Peter Mettler ed. Atom Egoyan od. David Rokeby sd. rec. Michael Ruehle asst. cam. Bruce McDonald gaffer/grip Aidan Cosgrave crane op. Bill Heintz Stillis Philip Newton p. asst. Shelley Tepperman, Mark Battley, David Fraser Lp. Ross Fraser, Michael Marshall, Sharon Cavanaugh, Alberta Davidson, Hovsep Yeghoyian, Bruce Bell. p.c. Ego Film Arts with the assitance of the OAC. running time: 27 min. colour, 16mm dist.





Building the Trombe wall was a major challenge in this informative film.

### Barbara Sweete's Old House / New House

Over a period of two years, eighty Pollution Probe Volunteers transformed a drafty, but attractive Victorian house in downtown Toronto into a model of energyefficient and ecologically-sound living space. The result, Ecology House, is a popular energy conservation showcase which attracts close to 1,000 visitors each month. This film, Old House/New House, documents the transformation step-by-step. We see a 90-year-old roominghouse gradually become a working demonstration of conserver living, with a heating bill reduced by 85 per cent.

The film is informative and straightforward, following the volunteers at work and explaining how each change to the house will be effective. We see various methods for reducing air leakage in the home, for installing insulation, and for making use of passive and active solar technology. By filming the inexperienced volunteers at work. Old House/ New House shows that "retrofitting" (thermal upgrading) can be done by almost anyone. This in itself makes a viewing of the film a valuable experience. Techniques like weatherstripping, caulking, installing insulation, and the making of thermal shutters are "demystified" and shown to be easily done.

Other retrofitting procedures are more challenging and cause some interesting moments of tension in the film. The building of the large Trombe wall - a 1300 square-foot glass and wood frame that covers the south-facing wall of the building - is a major construction job that challenges the volunteers. We see the necessity for smooth cooperation and patience in the erection of this massive solar collector. The fitting in of the third-floor greenhouse cover, a heavy glass frame hoisted by several workers, is another slightly anxious moment in the film where a mistake could mean the ruin of much work. As the cover slides into place, there is a palpable sense of victory in the film. Such moments are nicely placed to personalize the material and involve us in the project.

Old House/New House also gives the viewer practical information on waste recycling, gardening and hydroponics. In fact, this is a very informative film more than just a record of one retrofitting project, it tries to convey to the viewer as much information as one might get by visiting Ecology House itself. Thus, the film is useful for any group interested in public education and urban conservation issues. A French version, La Maison Écologique, is also available. Old House New House was a Red Ribbon Winner at the American Film Festival in 1982. Like Ecology House itself, the film is "a startingoff point for thinking about the way we live.'

#### Joyce Nelson ●

OLD HOUSE/NEW HOUSE p. David Springbett, Larry Weinstein d. Barbara Sweete sc. John Bemrose cam. Richard Stringer ed. Niv Fichman ed. Danilla Fingstein re-rec. George Novotny mus. Jim Montgomery narr. Don Francks 16mm., colour, 28 minutes. 1981. p.c. Energy Media Associates Available from : NFB, or Ecology House. 12 Madison Ave., Toronto, Ont. (416) 967-0577.