REVIEWS

and filmmaker and Christopher Lowry, the other executive producer, produced the award-winning Chambers: Tracks and Gestures with Atlantis, while Alan Collins, was the inspiration and seed for the production of Not Dead Yet. Originally conceived as a shorter work, Not Dead Yet grew into this full-blown, full-blooded celebration of freedom of expression in the year of Big Brother Ronald Reagan, the world's oldest video artist.

I have to admit that I attended the premiere screening with more than a little apprehension. Oh, it wasn't the chains and leather and spiked purple hair that frightened me, although the hair did tend to obscure the viewing from time to time. (The placing of 12 monitors around the round room of Ontario Place's Trillium Pod, level fifty, solved sight problems.) Nor was it the fact that I thought that the sound track would destroy my geriatric audio system. (I'm used to it and the soundtrack was uniformly and universally excellent.) I was frightened of seeing another one of those sloppy rip-off punk films, badly produced, terrible sound, an excuse for selling records for just another corporate recordband.

What I found was a somewhat conventional documentary. Informative. Sympathetic. And very accessible to a general audience. In essence, an act of communication committed to videotape. The programme was beautifully shot by a team of videographers led by Mowbray in 3/4" and then pumped up to 1". Considering the claustrophobia of the two bars where the performances were recorded, the videography gives space and tension to the music.

The real virtuosity though, comes from the montage, structure and assembly. The five months spent in postproduction seem to have led to a flowing and intelligent edit. Parts of performances of each of the bands are imperceptibly interwoven with interviews with members of the punk community. These are interlinked and arranged by a commonality of theme... violence, image, conformity, the media, sexuality, politics, nuclearism, lifestyle, survival and above all, the impact of the music. The whole package is heightened to a level of analytical artistry by the use of super slow-motion and a complex overlayering of the soundscape. All of this works on a visceral and intellectual moment-forthe moment experience which expresses and reflects the subject in the only way that would be honest. It is as close to the real as you can get without getting slammed

But, above all, Not Dead Yet is a political work. If offers an alternate vision. It allows for the message to surface without letting the message become superficial. It uses no narrative device. It lets people speak for themselves. It provides a context but no artificial overview, comment and analysis. This comes later, after the show.

The message of the punk community is one of universal hope. It is an international movement. Mowbray told me that you can go to any small town anywhere in the world and find one or two punks standing defiantly on the corners of main street. They are there to remind us about tolerance. About conformity. About our own once-ideal youth. About lost energy. Entrophy. About copping out. Selling out. Hypocrisy. Injustice. Mediocrity. Boredom. Unemployment. About naive tragedy. About the death of our society. About the sense of community. Belonging.

The punk movement acts as our signpost. They exist as expressive humanists, concerned about life, civil liberty and the pursuit of happiness through the pursuit of their art-form – their music. They hold a mirror to our own ugliness. It is not they who are ugly or freakish. It is we.

Peter Wintonick

NOT DEAD YET d. Edward Mowbray & Ruth Taylor exec. p. Tom Taylor, Christopher Lowry assoc. p. Alan Collins based on an idea by Ruth Raylor & Collins chief videography/ed. Mowbray p.c. Victory Video Arts videotape, 1984 running time: 60 min. dist. available for broadcast and videocassette l.p. Toronto area punk performers and bands Chronic Submission, United State, BFG (Bunch of Fucking Goofs), Jolly Tambourine Man, Blibber, The Rat Crushers, Direct Action and more.

Giles Walker & John Smith's

The Masculine Mystique

Don't rock the boat, it could upset the captain and send him scurrying overboard, leaving the women and children to man the ship.

Male-female relationships just haven't been the same since women have been making waves and coveting the helm. And some men have emerged visibly shaken from the battle. After all, gone are the carefree days when a man could crack a match, inhale deeply (without fear of cancer), tip his hat and quip "Here's looking at you." These days, the lady just won't be amused.

The erosion of male supremacy is indeed a problem that should be examined more closely, and the NFB, in its great wisdom, has taken on the job.

Co-directed by Giles Walker and John Smith, The Masculine Mystique casts an amused eye on how four rather "unliberated" men – Blue, Alex, Ashley and Mort – are coping with feminism and modernday women. Essentially a docu-drama, the film alternates scenes of their personal lives with head-on encounter sessions where the men bare their souls, question each other's motives and try to confront their feelings about the women they are involved with.

On the whole an honest, often amusing and touching account, the film is, however, treading on treacherous waters, and no matter what your opinion of the film itself may be, the issues it raises won't leave you indifferent. Although the tone is lighthearted and undogmatic throughout, the film does make a statement that is bound to unleash within you a high-pitched, emotional reaction.

Blue, a charming but fussy "analtype" bachelor, desperately wants a relationship and is searching for the perfect women, that very special person who will sweep him off his feet. One suspects, however, that once he finds her she's sure to be only second best to his dog, Macklusky, on top of being subjected to a lifelong refrain of didyou-put-the-cap-on-the-toothpaste, dear? Alex has it all - wife, kids, house in the suburbs - and loves it, but feels trapped and is looking for more freedom. Routine can be oh-so tiresome. Ashley is separated and the father of two, and in his grim determination to assume his single parenthood, has no room for any kind of romantic involvement. Mort, on the other hand, who cares for his children, would rather welcome a chance to share this responsibility with a new, caring, and loving woman.

However different these men's problems and desires may be, they are all struggling to come to grips with a volatile situation where roles are shifting and stereotypes no longer rule. And, more importantly, they are all trying to cling to a past they understand... and can control. It is hard not to giggle as we see Blue desperately trying to charm his girl with locker-room humour, Mort pleading with his lady to move in with him-andthe-kids for a cozy life of peanut-butter sandwiches and togetherness, or Alex and Ashley simply escaping it all, one to the bar scene, the other to the woods. · Why these "regular guys" would choose to have a relationship with any of the women in this film, though, is a matter of pure masochism. No doubt cast to enhance the masculine plight, they are certainly miles ahead of them on the scale of liberation; all have seemingly emerged from the search for self with a highly rationalized life-plan and an eye out for sexist jokes. Although it is refreshing to see women in strong roles, these are on the whole too one-dimensional to be believable. Surely feminists can also be loving human beings.

The construction of *The Masculine Mystique* is essentially what makes it work. At once constructed and improvised, it combines carefully mapped-out scenes with spontaneous dialogues, and juxtaposes dramatic and documentary segments, using clever camerawork

and editing to smoothe over the transitions and contrast the tone.

Real people instead of actors are used throughout the film to increase "naturalness and believability" and, although the gamble often fails, in this instance it pays off, particularly where the men are concerned. Asked to confront their emotions and actually talk about their feelings, the men in this film are cast in a role they very seldom assume, whether in real life or on film. Therefore when they talk, you tend to listen, knowing that this is neither learned jargon nor memorized script.

Not that you learn that much from The Masculine Mystique - no myths are dispelled nor characters redeemed. In fact, the film raises more questions than it answers. Billed as a docu-drama, or more dubiously as "a new genre of feature-length alternative dramas," it is never made clear where the documentary - which Webster's, for one, describes as a motion picture that records news events or shows social conditions without fictionalization - ends and the drama begins. Is this the story of four specific guys or are we to believe that they are part of a widespread social phenomenon? Furthermore, the film, produced by the NFB, also features NFB employees. Is this to say that, since one of the Board's mandates is to monitor the socio-cultural pulse of the nation, the attitudes and views expressed in the film reflect those of Canadian men and women across the nation? If so, depending on your age and your degree of liberation, you might tend to disagree. Finally, what are a bunch of NFB people doing raising their collective navelgazing to the eyes of a nation? Are they to be seen as role-models for us all? Or, can it be that if "real men" don't eat quiche, they are all working at the Board, having relationships with "real women"?

These are not laughing matters, although I suspect that none of this humour was really intended by the people involved in making the film. The National Film Board of Canada can surely not touch on such important matters without finding itself with a large controversy on its hands. Like politics and religion, the question of male-female relationships is very contentious indeed. It forces everyone to take a position and define how they themselves live, love, relate to others and perceive themselves within the society they live in. All of which makes for a pretty emotional scene.

So, to conclude, if the idea of a crew of NFB people shooting the breeze about life while you're out there earning a living is unappealing, I suggest that the obvious qualities of this film will be lost on you. But, if, on the other hand, you are curious and think you can control your own emotions enough to manage to view the film with some degree of objectivity, its humour and unpretentiousness might well win you over. The Masculine Mystique could just turn out to be the starting-point for a more meaningful dialogue between the sexes.

Josée Miville-Dechêne ●

THE MASCULINE MYSTIQUE p./d.
John N. Smith, Giles Walker sc. Smith, Walker, and
David Wilson d.o.p. Andrew Kitzanuk ed. David
Wilson mus. Richard Gresko sd. rec. Jean-Guy
Normandin sd. ed. John Knight mus. rec. Louis
Hone re-rec. Hans Peter Strobl assoc. p. Ken
McCready exec. p. Robert Verrall, Andy Thompson
l.p. Stefan Wodoslawsky, Char Davies, Sam Grana.
Eleanor MacKinnon, Mort Ransen, Annebet Zwartsenberg, Ashley Murray p.c. National Film Board of
Canada, colour video + 16mm time 86 min. 40 sec.

Stefan Wodoslawsky in The Masculine Mystique: no laughing matter

